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## Exam : OGBA-101

# Title : TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation Exam

### Version : DEMO

- 1.Consider the following statements;
- 1. A whole corporation or a division of a corporation
- 2. A government agency or a single government department
- 3. Partnerships and alliances of businesses working together, such as a consortium or supply chain

What are those examples of according to the TOGAF Standard?

- A. Organizations
- B. Architectures Scopes
- C. Business Units
- D. Enterprises

#### Answer: D

#### Explanation:

According to the TOGAF Standard, an enterprise is defined as any collection of organizations that has a common set of goals and/or a single bottom line1. The examples given in the question are all types of enterprises that can be the subject of enterprise architecture1.

2.In what TOGAF ADM phase is the information map linked to other business blueprints?

- A. Phase B
- B. Phase E
- C. Phase A
- D. Preliminary Phase

#### Answer: B

#### Explanation:

Phase E Explanation of Correct Answer. In Phase E (Opportunities and Solutions) of the TOGAF ADM, the information map is linked to other business blueprints such as the Business Capability Map, the Value Stream Map, and the Business Process Model2. This helps to identify and prioritize opportunities for business improvement and transformation2.

3.Which of the following best describes the relationship between business models and business architecture?

A. Business Architecture provides a conceptual summary view, whereas business models support indepth analysis.

B. Business Architecture breaks a business model down into the core functional elements that describe how the business works.

C. Business models are useful for impact analysis, however Business Architecture is needed for scenario analysis.

D. Business model development is a prerequisite for a Business Architecture development.

#### Answer: B

#### Explanation:

A business model describes how an organization creates, delivers, and captures value for its stakeholders3. A business architecture breaks a business model down into the core functional elements that describe how the business works, such as the value proposition, the customer segments, the channels, the revenue streams, the cost structure, the key resources, the key activities, and the key partnerships3.

4.Complete the sentence. The TOGAF standard covers the development of four architecture domains. Business. Data. Technology and

- A. Capability
- B. Application
- C. Transition
- D. Segment
- Answer: B

#### Explanation:

The TOGAF standard covers the development of four architecture domains: Business, Data, Technology, and Application. The Application Architecture domain defines the applications required to process the data and support the business functions.

5. Which of the following best describes where business scenarios are used in the TOGAF ADM?

- A. They are used to resolve impacts across the Architecture Landscape in Phases B, C, and D.
- B. They are used in the Preliminary Phase, Phase A, and Phase B.
- C. They are used as part of the lessons learned activity at the end of Phase F.
- D. They are used as part of a business transformation readiness assessment in Phase E.

#### Answer: B

#### **Explanation:**

According to the TOGAF Standard, business scenarios are an important technique that may be used at various stages of the enterprise architecture, principally the Architecture Vision and the Business Architecture, but in other architecture domains as well, if required, to derive the characteristics of the architecture directly from the high-level requirements of the business1. The Architecture Vision is developed in Phase A, and the Business Architecture is developed in Phase B. The Preliminary Phase is also a stage where business scenarios can be used to help identify and understand business needs2.